

**Text of Proposed Amendments to California Code of Regulations**

**Title 18. Public Revenues**

**Division 2. California Department of Tax and Fee Administration –**

**Business Taxes**

**Section 4098. Relief from Liability**

Regulation 4098. Relief from Liability.

~~(a) In General.~~ A person may be relieved from the liability for the payment of cigarette and tobacco products taxes, including any penalties and interest added to those taxes, when that liability resulted from the failure to make a timely return or a payment and such failure was found by the board to be due to reasonable reliance on Department to be due to reasonable reliance on written advice given by the Department under the conditions set forth in Regulation 4902.÷

~~(1) Written advice given by the board under the conditions set forth in subdivision (b) below; or~~

~~(2) Written advice in the form of an annotation or legal ruling of counsel under the conditions set forth in subdivision (d) below; or~~

~~(3) Written advice given by the board in a prior audit of that person under the conditions set forth in subdivision (e) below. As used in this regulation, the term “prior audit” means any audit conducted prior to the current examination where the issue in question was examined.~~

~~Written advice from the board may only be relied upon by the person to whom it was originally issued or a legal or statutory successor to that person. Written advice from the board which was received during a prior audit of the person under the conditions set forth in subdivision (e) below, may be relied upon by the person audited or by a legal or statutory successor to that person.~~

~~The term “written advice” includes advice that was incorrect at the time it was issued as well as advice that was correct at the time it was issued, but, subsequent to issuance, was invalidated by a change in statutory or constitutional law, by a change in board regulations, or by a final decision of a court of competent jurisdiction. Prior written advice may not be relied upon subsequent to: (1) the effective date of a change in statutory or constitutional law and board regulations or the date of final decision of a court of competent jurisdiction regardless that the board did not provide notice of such action; or (2) the person receiving a subsequent writing notifying the person that the advice was not valid at the time it was issued or was subsequently rendered invalid. As generally used in this regulation, the term “written advice” includes both written advice provided in a written communication under subdivision (b) below and written advice provided in a prior audit of the person under subdivision (c) below.~~

~~(b) Advice Provided in a Written Communication. Advice from the board provided to the person in a written communication must have been in response to a specific written inquiry from the person seeking relief from liability, or from his or her representative. To be considered a specific written inquiry for purposes of this regulation, representatives must identify the specific person for whom the advice is requested. Such inquiry must have set forth and fully described the facts and circumstances of the activity or transactions for which the advice was requested.~~

~~(c) Written Advice Provided in a Prior Audit. Presentation of the person's books and records for examination by an auditor shall be deemed to be written request for the audit report. If a prior audit report of the person requesting relief contains written evidence which demonstrates that the issue in question was examined, either in a sample or census (actual) review, such evidence will be considered "written advice from the board" for purposes of this regulation. A census (actual) review, as opposed to a sample review, involves examination of 100% of the person's transactions pertaining to the issue in question. For written advice contained in a prior audit of the person to apply to the person's activity or transaction in question, the facts and conditions relating to the activity or transaction must not have changed from those which occurred during the period of operation in the prior audit. Audit comments, schedules, and other writings prepared by the board that become part of the audit work papers which reflect that the activity or transaction in question was properly reported and no amount was due are sufficient for a finding for relief from liability, unless it can be shown that the person seeking relief knew such advice was erroneous.~~

~~(d) Annotations and Legal Rulings of Counsel. Advice from the board provided to the person in the form of an annotation or legal ruling of counsel shall constitute written advice only if:~~

~~(1) The underlying legal ruling of counsel involving the fact pattern at issue is addressed to the person or to his or her representative under the conditions set forth in subdivision (b) above; or~~

~~(2) The annotation or legal ruling of counsel is provided to the person or his or her representative by the board within the body of a written communication and involves the same fact pattern as that presented in the subject annotation or legal ruling of counsel.~~

~~(e) Trade or Industry Associations. A trade or industry association requesting advice on behalf of its member(s) must identify and include the specific member names(s) for whom the advice is requested for relief from liability under this regulation.~~

Note: Authority cited: Section 30451, Revenue and Taxation Code. Reference: Section 30284, Revenue and Taxation Code.